

EMPLOYMENT RATE	
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DEVELOPMENT FIELD	Modern welfare state – Increasing labour market flexibility
DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR	<p><i>Definition:</i> The employment rate is defined as the share of persons in employment in the total working-age population. The SORS' defines employed persons according to the Labour Force Survey (i.e. persons who during the last week (from Monday to Sunday) prior to the interview did any work for pay or profit or family gain, or who had the status of an employed or self-employed person, even if they did not perform any work), whereas the working-age population (in accordance with the guidelines of the International Labour Organisation – ILO) comprises all persons aged 15 or more.</p> <p><i>International comparability:</i> According to Eurostat's definition, the employment rate is the ratio between employed persons and the working-age population aged 15-64.</p> <p><i>Manner of presentation:</i> aggregately for the whole economy, by region, by administrative unit, by municipality</p> <p><i>Unit of measurement:</i> %</p>
SOURCE OF DATA FOR SLOVENIA	<p><i>Institution (publication):</i> SORS (Rapid Reports – Labour Market: Labour Force Survey Results); <i>contact persons:</i> Tatjana Nova, Irena Svetin</p> <p><i>Frequency of publication:</i> quarterly and annually</p>
AVAILABLE TIME SERIES	from 1995 onwards
INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS	– EU (by country and as a whole); <i>source:</i> Eurostat (Statistics in focus – Labour force surveys)