SOCIAL PROTECTION EXPENDITURE	
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DEVELOPMENT FIELD	Modern welfare state and higher employment – Modernising the social protection system
DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR	<u>Definition</u> : Social protection comprises all interventions by public or private institutions intended to relieve households or individuals of the burden of certain risks or needs, provided that no individual arrangements are made. The analysed risks or needs are: sickness and health care, disability, old age, survivors, family and children, unemployment, housing, and other types of social exclusion (data for Slovenia exclude figures on housing)
	Detailed methodological explanations:
	- European Commission, Population and Social Conditions; Social protection
	- SORS
	International comparability: The indicator is internationally comparable; ESSPROS methodology
	Manner of presentation: aggregately for the whole country
	<u>Unit of measurement</u> : % of GDP (key indicator)
SOURCE OF DATA FOR SLOVENIA	 <u>Institution</u>: SORS; Rapid Reports; Social Protection; Expenditure and Receipts of Social Protection Schemes, Slovenia, 2004; 13 November 2006; First Release
	Frequency of publication: annually
AVAILABLE TIME SERIES	1996 -2004
INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS	 EU (by country and as a whole); sources: Eurostat.
	– EU candidate-countries; source: Eurostat.

1